

ASX Market Announcements Australian Securities Exchange Level 4, 20 Bridge Street Sydney NSW 2000

Sydney, 8 April 2021

Corporate Governance Statement and Appendix 4G

Please find attached a copy of TPG Telecom Limited's Corporate Governance Statement and Appendix 4G for release to the market.

Authorised for lodgement with ASX by:

Trent Czinner Company Secretary TPG Telecom Limited Investor.Relations@tpgtelecom.com.au















Introduction

The Board of TPG Telecom Limited (**Company**) determines the most appropriate corporate governance arrangements having regard to the best interests of the Company and its shareholders, and consistent with its responsibilities to other stakeholders.

This statement outlines the Company's main corporate governance practices which, unless otherwise stated, comply with the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations. The statement has been approved by the Board and is current as at 26 March 2021.



C	Corporate Governance Council recommendation TPG Telecom Limited Compliance Status					
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P	PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT					
1	.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board	The Board's primary role is the protection and enhancement of long-term shareholder value.			
		charter setting out:	To fulfil this role the Board is responsible for the overall corporate governance of the			
		 (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and 	Company, including formulating its strategic direction, setting remuneration, appointing, removing and creating succession plans for the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and directors,			
		(b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	establishing and monitoring the achievement of management's goals, approving and monitoring budgets, financial reporting and annual accounts and ensuring the integrity of risk management, internal controls and legal compliance.			
management.		•	The Board delegates to senior management responsibility for the implementation of the strategic direction of the Company and its subsidiaries (Group).			
			The Company has a Board Charter, which defines the functions reserved for the Board, and is available on the Company's website at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations .			
1	.2	A listed entity should:	All appropriate checks are carried out prior to appointing a new director or senior executive, or			
		 (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and 	putting someone forward for election as a director. The Governance, Remuneration & Nomination Committee (GRNC) periodically reviews criteria regarding the composition of the Board as well as reviews and makes recommendations in relation to board succession generally.			
1		(b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re- elect a director.	All material information relevant to the decision to elect or re-elect a director is provided to shareholders in the notice of meeting.			
1.3 A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting of their appointment. Out the terms of their appointment.		with each director and senior executive setting	Written agreements are in place with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.			
be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper Secretary, who adv		be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper	The Company Secretary reports directly to the Board, through the Chairman, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board. All directors have access to the Company Secretary, who advises the Board and its committees on governance matters and monitors adherence to Board policies and procedures.			



- 1.5 A listed entity should:
 - (a) have and disclose a diversity policy;
 - through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally;
 - (c) either:
 - the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or
 - if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.

If the entity was in the S&P/ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.

The Company's Code of Conduct provides that the Company will treat all employees and potential employees according to their skills, qualifications, competencies and potential and will not discriminate on the basis of race, religion, gender, sexual preference, age, marital status or disability. The following guidelines have been established to ensure compliance with the Code of Conduct:

- selection of new staff, development, promotion and remuneration is on the basis of performance and capability;
- training and development is offered across the Group including external technical courses, mentoring and secondments, in order to develop a diverse and skilled workforce; and
- reporting to Senior Management by managers and supervisors takes place in relation to employment issues, and review and analysis of exit interviews is undertaken to identify any discrimination related issues.

The Board has adopted a separate written Diversity and Inclusion Policy (**D&I Policy**). The D&I Policy provides that the Board is responsible for setting targets for diversity within the Company.

Aside from this and the guidelines set out above, the Company has not established measurable objectives for gender diversity in the workforce.

As a result of the merger, a consolidated Workplace Gender Report was not prepared for the Group. The Company lodged its annual 'Workplace Gender Equality Report in 2020 with the Workplace Gender Equality Agency and is available on the Company's website at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations.

The proportion of female employees throughout the Group remained stable at about 43% during FY20. The proportion of female employees in board and key management positions is currently approximately 25% (at CEO & Executive level) and 30% (at CEO, Executives & General Manager level). The two independent non-executive directors on the Board, who also chair the Audit & Risk Committee and the Governance Remuneration and Nomination Committee are female.

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1.6 A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and
- (b) disclose, for each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process or in respect of that period.

The process for evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual directors is contained in the GRNC Charter (see section 2.1 below) and involves a regular review by the GRNC and recommendations to the Board regarding Board, committee and individual director performance.

The majority of the Board were appointed for less than 6 months of the reporting period and a performance evaluation is due to be undertaken in the next reporting period.

1.7 A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and
- (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process in respect of that period.

The performance of the CEO is reviewed by both the GRNC and the non-executive directors on the Board. The performance of other senior executives is reviewed by the CEO who discusses it with the GRNC and the Board.

Performance reviews were undertaken during the year in accordance with this process. More information in relation to the outcome of these reviews is included in the Remuneration Report in the Company's Annual Report.



PRINCIPLE 2 – STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE

- 2.1 The board of a listed entity should:
 - (a) have a nomination committee which:
 - has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director,

and disclose:

- (3) the charter of the committee;
- (4) the members of the committee; and
- (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.

The Board has established the GRNC to assist the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities for corporate governance and oversight of the Group's nomination and remuneration policies and practices.

It is responsible for overseeing corporate governance practices within the Group, the nomination of directors, the fees paid to directors and the Group's policies on compensation to employees and other human resources policies and procedures of the Group, and for ensuring the Group's employee incentive plans are properly implemented.

The Board has adopted a GRNC Charter which details the functions and responsibilities of the GRNC. A copy of the GRNC Charter is available on the Company's website at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations.

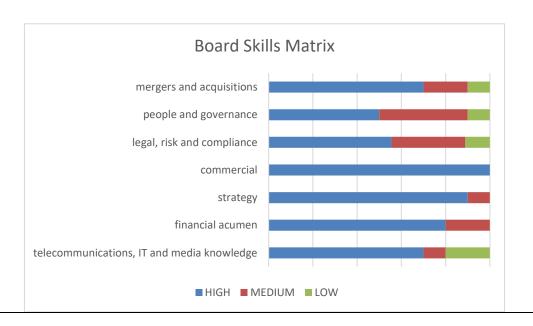
The GRNC is comprised of four non-executive directors, two of whom are Dr Helen Nugent and Arlene Tansey as independent directors. The other non-executive directors are Frank Sixt and Diego Massidda. The Committee is chaired by Dr Helen Nugent, an independent director. ASX Corporate Governance Principle 2.1(a)(1) has not been followed by the Company on the basis that the GRNC is not presently comprised of a majority of independent directors. The Company has two independent directors on its Board and to achieve a wider representation on this committee it is comprised of four directors. The Company considers that the independence of the GRNC is preserved in the GRNC Charter by: (1) requiring the Chairman of the GRNC to be an independent director; and (2) prohibiting executive directors from being appointed as members of the GRNC. Conflicts of interest are assiduously managed.

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2.2 A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.

The professional skills, experience and expertise of each director are set out in Appendix A – Board Composition. The directors possess a range of skills which, as a group, enable the Board to function effectively. The current Board skills matrix is represented in the following table:





2.3	A listed entity should disclose:	Refer to Appendix A - Board Composition
	 (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; 	
	(b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and	
	(c) the length of service of each director.	
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	Refer to Appendix A - Board Composition. ASX Corporate Governance Principle 2.4 has not been followed by the Company on the basis that the Board is not presently comprised of a majority of independent directors. This is due to all but two of its directors being a nominee of a substantial shareholder or being an employee in the case of the CEO, or an executive of the Company or its subsidiaries within the past three years, in the case of Tony Moffatt.
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	Canning Fok, the Chairman, is not independent as he is an executive of a substantial shareholder of the Company. The Board is of the view that the depth of experience and understanding that Canning Fok has of the Company and of the industry in which the Company operates provides benefits that exceed those that may flow from having an independent non-executive Chairman. Refer to Appendix A - Board Composition.
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	New Board members have received or will shortly receive a comprehensive induction on the Company's strategy, its operations, its financial accounts, its governance processes, its people processes and the key risks it faces.



3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	In the past months, the Company's Executives and employees have undertaken sessions to refine the Company's purpose and culture, from which it is expected that a statement of values will be put to the Board to supplement the existing values articulated in the Company's other policies and codes.
3.2	A listed entity should:	Code of Conduct
	 (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and 	The Company is committed to maintaining the highest standards in dealing with all of its stakeholders, both internally and externally. The Company has adopted a written Code of Conduct to assist directors and staff in understanding their responsibilities to ensure the
	(b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	Company conducts its business in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations and in a way that enhances the Company's reputation. The Code of Conduct is also reflected in internal policies and procedures which reinforce the Company's commitment to complying with all applicable laws and regulations.
		A copy of the Code of Conduct is available on the Company's website at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations .
		The CEO, CFO and Company Secretary are responsible for informing the Board of material breaches of the Code of Conduct.
		Securities Trading Policy
		The Company has a written Securities Trading Policy.
		Directors and senior executives are only permitted to deal in Company shares during a one month period following the release of the Company's half-year and annual results to the ASX, or after the annual general meeting. Notwithstanding this, the Board may in certain circumstances permit dealings during other periods, although this has not occurred.
		Directors must notify the Company Secretary in writing of all transactions in accordance with the requirements of Sections 205F and 205G of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> . The Company will notify the ASX of the details of any transaction on behalf of the directors.
		A copy of the Securities Trading Policy is available on the Company's website at

www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations.

and



3.3	A listed entity should:	The Company has a Whistleblower Policy that demonstrates its commitment to the highest
	(a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy:	standards of ethical practice and honest relationships and to the protection of individuals who

(b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy. standards of ethical practice and honest relationships and to the protection of individuals who report suspected wrongdoing.

Under the Whistleblower Policy employees are encouraged to speak up about unlawful, unethical or improper behaviour in an environment free from victimisation. The policies outline the process for reporting any wrongdoing and require that such matters be investigated and appropriate action be taken.

Material incidents reported under the Whistleblower Policy are escalated to the Board's immediate attention as appropriate and in accordance with the Company's internal reporting processes.

The Whistleblower Policy is available on the Company's website at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations.

3.4 A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and
- (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.

The Company has an Anti-Bribery Policy that prohibits directors and employees from engaging in activity that constitutes bribery or corruption, and provides guidelines as to what constitutes bribery or corruption.

Material incidents reported under the Anti-Bribery Policy are escalated to the Board's immediate attention as appropriate and in accordance with the Company's internal reporting processes.

The Anti-Bribery Policy will be made available on the Company's website at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations.

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PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS

- 4.1 The board of a listed entity should:
 - (a) have an audit committee which:
 - has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board,

and disclose:

- (3) the charter of the committee;
- the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and
- (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.

The Board has responsibility for ensuring the integrity of the financial statements and related notes and that the financial statements provide a true and fair view of the Group's financial position. To assist the Board in fulfilling this responsibility, the Board has established an Audit & Risk Committee which has the responsibility for providing assurance that the financial statements and related notes are complete, are in accordance with applicable accounting standards, and provide a true and fair view.

The Audit & Risk Committee is comprised of three non-executive directors two of whom are Arlene Tansey and Dr Helen Nugent, as independent directors. The other non-executive director is Pierre Klotz. The Committee is chaired by Arlene Tansey, an independent director.

The Board has adopted a formal Audit & Risk Committee Charter which details the function and responsibility of the Audit & Risk Committee to ensure the integrity of the financial statements and independence of the external auditor. A copy of the Audit & Risk Committee Charter is available on the Company's website at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations. Details of the members of the Audit & Risk Committee and their qualifications are set out in the directors' biographies in Appendix A – Board Composition.

The Committee must meet at least four times per financial year and has met four times since July 13, 2020. Details of Committee members' attendance record at Committee meetings are disclosed in the Company's Annual Report.

The external auditors, other directors, and the Chief Financial Officer are invited to Audit & Risk Committee meetings at the discretion of the Chairman of the Committee.



4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	The Company complies with this recommendation.	
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	The Company complies with this recommendation.	
PRINC	NCIPLE 5 - MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under Listing Rules 3.1. The Company is committed to ensuring that the market is informed of all material information informed of all material information informed of all material information		
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	The Company's Market Disclosure Policy provides that the Company Secretary will ensure the directors receive copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	The Company's Market Disclosure Policy provides that where the Company gives a new investor or analyst presentation, a copy of the presentation materials are released to the ASX ahead of the presentation.	



PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors	The Board aims to ensure that shareholders are informed of all major developments affecting the Company.	
		The Company posts its annual report and major announcements on its website at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations and also publishes on that website all ASX releases, including notices of meetings, presentations, and analyst and media briefings.	
		In addition to the historical information contained within the ASX releases, the Company intends to publish the Company's prior years' Annual Reports since the Company became a public company.	
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	In addition to the above, the Company pro-actively arranges investor briefings at least twice a year following the release of the Group's full-year and half-year financial results. It maintains an investor relations inbox and responds to enquiries made by investors through that medium.	
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	The Board has adopted a Shareholder Communications Policy to assist in ensuring that shareholder communications are adequate and appropriate and based on transparency and sound corporate governance principles, and to provide shareholders with facilities to allow them to exercise their rights as shareholders effectively.	
		Through its notices of meeting the Company actively encourages shareholders to participate at general meetings, either in person or by proxy.	
		Further information is provided in the Shareholder Communications Policy which is available on the Company's website at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations .	
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	Refer to rules 6.7(2) and 6.8 of the Company's Constitution that is consistent with this.	
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Shareholders are specifically offered the opportunity of receiving communications via email.	



PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

- 7.1 The board of a listed entity should:
 - (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:
 - has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director,

and disclose:

- (3) the charter of the committee;
- (4) the members of the committee; and
- (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.

Management has primary responsibility for identifying and controlling business risks.

The Audit & Risk Committee, under delegation from the Board, plays an oversight role in ensuring that material business risks and their associated controls are regularly reported to the Board by management and that a satisfactory system of risk management and internal control is maintained.

Information about the structure of the Audit & Risk Committee is set out in section 4.1 above.





7.2	The board or a committee of the board should:	The Audit & Risk Committee continually reviews the adequacy of the Group's risk management practices.	
	(a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and		
	(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.		
7.3	A listed entity should disclose:	Internal audit work is performed by a group internal audit team. The team prepares an audit plan which is reviewed and approved by the Audit & Risk Committee annually and otherwise as may be required. Reports on these reviews are presented to the Audit & Risk Committee.	
	 (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or 		
	(b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.		
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or	The economic risks to which the Group is exposed are explained in the Financial reports and Key Risks section in the Company's Annual Report.	
	social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	The Group's approach to managing environmental and social sustainability risks is explained in the Company's Sustainability Report which is available on the Company's website at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations .	



PRINCIPLE 8 - REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

8.1	The board of a listed entity should:

which:

The GRNC serves as the remuneration committee for this purpose.

(a) have a remuneration committee which:

The responsibilities of the GRNC include:

- has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
- considering the fees paid to directors and remuneration for senior executives. It also
 considers the Company's policies on remuneration for employees as well as other
 human resources policies and procedures of the Group; and

(2) is chaired by an independent director,

 ensuring that the Company's employee incentive plans from time to time are properly implemented.

and disclose:

and Arlene Tansey as independent directors. The Committee is chaired by Dr Helen Nugent, an independent director.

The GRNC is comprised of four non-executive directors, two of whom are Dr Helen Nugent

(3) the charter of the committee;

The charter of the GRNC is disclosed as described in section 2.1 above.

(4) the members of the committee; and

Information about the structure of the GRNC is set out in section 2.1 above.

- (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.

8.2 A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives. Policies and practices regarding the fees for non-executive directors as well as the remuneration of the CEO and other senior executives are set out in the Remuneration Report in the Company's Annual Report.



8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based
	remuneration scheme should:

 (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and The Company's short and long term incentive programs contain an element of remuneration which involves deferred share rights and performance share rights, entitling some employees to shares. It is a condition of those programs that no beneficiary is permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the programs. It is also a condition of the Securities Trading Policy that senior executives must not deal in shares for short term gain, being a period of three months or less.

(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.

PRINCIPLE 9 - ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES

9.1 A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.

Not relevant to the Company.

9.2 A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.

Not relevant to the Company.

9.3 A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.

Not relevant to the Company.

Annexure A - Board Composition

Details of the experience and background of the directors of the Company are set out below.

Canning Fok

Non-Executive Chairman

Fok Kin Ning, Canning has been a Director of the Company since 2001 and was appointed Chairman effective 26 March 2021.

He has been a Director of Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited since 1999. Mr Fok has been an executive director and group co-managing director of CK Hutchison Holdings Limited since 2015. He has been a director of Cheung Kong (Holdings) Limited and Hutchison Whampoa Limited since 1985 and 1984 respectively, both of which became wholly-owned subsidiaries of CK Hutchison Holdings Limited in 2015. He has been chairman and a non-executive director of Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong Holdings Limited since 2009 and of Hutchison Port Holdings Management Pte. Limited as the trustee-manager of Hutchison Port Holdings Trust since 2011, an executive director since 1985 and chairman since 2005 of Power Assets Holdings Limited, and chairman and an executive director of HK Electric Investments Manager Limited as the trustee-manager of HK Electric Investments and of HK Electric Investments Limited since 2013. He has also been an executive director and deputy chairman of CK Infrastructure Holdings Limited since 1997 and a director of Cenovus Energy Inc. since January 2021. He was a co-chairman from 2000 to December 2020 and has been a director since 2000 of Husky Energy Inc. (delisted on 5 January 2021 upon its combination with Cenovus Energy Inc.).

He holds a Bachelor of Arts degree and a Diploma in Financial Management, and is a Fellow of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand.

Special Responsibilities

Chairman of the Board

Iñaki Berroeta

Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director

Mr Berroeta is an Executive Director of the Company since its admission to the official list of the ASX on 30 June 2020.

Mr Berroeta joined the Company as Chief Executive Officer in 2014. A 24-year veteran of the telecommunications industry, he previously served as CEO of both Vodafone Romania and Vodafone Malta, and held various operational roles at Vodafone Spain, Global Star USA, AirTouch International Inc. (USA), and Airtile Moviles (Spain).

Mr Berroeta holds a Master of Science in Telecommunications from Bilbao Superior School of Telecommunications Engineering, Spain, and a Master of Business Administration from Henley Management College, UK.

Pierre Klotz

Non-Executive Director

Mr Klotz was appointed as a Non-Executive Director of the Company in May 2020.

Mr Klotz has served as the Vodafone Group Plc (**Vodafone**) Group Corporate Finance Director. He joined Vodafone in July 2011 and was responsible for the Vodafone Group's Mergers & Acquisitions and Treasury related activities.

Previously, Mr Klotz held a number of senior executive positions at UBS Investment Bank and at HSBC Investment Bank. He holds a Master of Science in Business Administration from Gothenburg School of Economics and Commercial Law.

Special responsibilities:

Alternating member of the Audit & Risk Committee

Diego Massidda

Non-Executive Director

Mr Massidda was appointed as a Non-Executive Director of the Company in May 2020.

Mr Massidda is CEO of Vodafone Partner Markets, and a Director of Vodafone Sales & Services Limited.

Mr. Massidda joined Vodafone in 2007 as Group Director of Broadband and Online, and subsequently he was Group Director of Video and Connected Home. From 2011 to 2016 he served as CEO of Vodafone Hungary.

Prior to joining Vodafone, Mr. Massidda was CEO of the ISP Tiscali in South Africa and France, and of Telecom Italia wireline operations in France. He also spent 6 years with McKinsey & Company earlier in his career.

Mr Massidda holds a degree in Hydraulic Civil Engineering from the Università di Cagliari, Italy, and a Master in Business Administration from INSEAD, France.

Special responsibilities:

Member of the Governance, Remuneration & Nomination Committee

Robert Millner, FAICD

Non-Executive Director

Mr Millner was appointed to the Board in July 2020.

Mr Millner served as a Non-Executive Director of TPG Corporation from 2000 until the merger with the Company in 2020, and was the Chairman of TPG Corporation from 2000 until 2008.

Mr Millner has over 30 years' experience as a Company Director and is currently a Director of the following listed companies: Apex Healthcare Berhad, Brickworks Limited, BKI Investment Company Limited, Milton Corporation Limited, New Hope Corporation Limited and Washington H.Soul Pattinson and Company Limited.

Mr Millner was also an interim Director at Hunter Hall Global Value Limited from April 2017 to June 2017 and a Director of Australian Pharmaceutical Industries Limited from May 2000 to July 2020.

Mr Millner is also a Director of Tuas Limited.

Mr Antony Moffatt (Tony)

Non-Executive Director

Tony Moffatt was appointed to the Board on 26 March 2021 to fill a casual vacancy.

Mr Moffatt is a lawyer with over 30 years' experience, practising in corporate, commercial and

telecommunications law. After five years as a senior lawyer in an international law firm in Singapore, Mr Moffatt became General Counsel and Company Secretary for a start-up telecommunications business which was acquired by SP Telemedia Limited in 2005. He was then appointed General Counsel for the company, formerly named TPG Telecom Limited (ASX:TPM) in 2008 until its merger with Vodafone Hutchison Australia Pty Ltd in 2020.

In August 2020, Mr Moffatt became Company Secretary for the merged group. In addition, he was Company Secretary for a large privately owned Australian winery from 2004 to 2008.

Mr Moffatt was a member of the key management personnel of TPG Telecom Limited (ASX:TPM) until August 2020 and played a significant role in its development, including the many corporate and large commercial transactions undertaken by that company.

Mr Moffatt holds a Bachelor of Arts and Laws from the University of New South Wales.

Dr Helen Nugent AO

Non-Executive Director

Dr Nugent was appointed as a Non-Executive Director of the Company in July 2020.

Dr Nugent is Chairman of Ausgrid and the National Disability Insurance Agency, and a Non-Executive Director of IAG.

Dr Nugent has been a company director for over 20 years, and has over 40 years' experience in the financial services sector. This includes having been Chairman of Veda Group, Funds SA, and Swiss Re (Australia); a Non-Executive Director of Macquarie Group, Director of Strategy at Westpac Banking Corporation, and a Partner at McKinsey & Company.

She has also been Chairman of Australian Rail Track Corporation and a Non-Executive Director of Origin Energy.

Dr Nugent has given to the community in education and the arts, having been Chancellor of Bond University; President of Cranbrook School; Chairman of the National Opera Review; Chairman of the Major Performing Arts Inquiry; and Deputy Chairman of Opera Australia. She is currently Chairman of the National Portrait Gallery of Australia.

Dr Nugent is an Officer of the Order of Australia (AO) and has received a Centenary Medal, as well as an Honorary Doctorate in Business from the University of Queensland and an Honorary Doctorate from Bond University.

Special Responsibilities:

- Chairman of the Governance, Remuneration & Nomination Committee
- Member of the Audit & Risk Committee

Frank Sixt

Non-Executive Director

Frank John Sixt has been a Director of the Company since 2001.

He has been a director and an alternate director to a director of Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited since 1998 and 2008 respectively. Mr Sixt has been an executive director, group finance director and deputy managing director of CK Hutchison Holdings Limited since 2015. Since 1991, Mr Sixt has been a director of Cheung Kong (Holdings) Limited and Hutchison Whampoa Limited, both of which became wholly-owned subsidiaries of CK Hutchison Holdings Limited in 2015. He has been chairman and a non-executive director of TOM Group Limited since 1999 and an executive director of CK Infrastructure Holdings Limited since 1996. He has also been an alternate director to a director of HK Electric Investments Manager Limited as the trustee-manager of HK Electric Investments and of HK Electric Investments Limited since 2015. He has been a director of Cenovus Energy Inc. since January 2021. Mr Sixt has also been a director of Husky Energy Inc. (delisted on 5 January 2021 upon its combination with Cenovus Energy Inc.) since 2000.

Mr Sixt holds a Master's degree in Arts and a Bachelor's degree in Civil Law, and is a member of the Bar and of the Law Society of the Provinces of Québec and Ontario, Canada.

Special Responsibilities:

- Member of the Governance, Remuneration & Nomination Committee
- Alternating member of the Audit & Risk Committee

Arlene Tansey

Non-Executive Director

Ms Tansey was appointed as a Non-Executive Director of the Company in July 2020.

Ms Tansey has served as a Non-Executive Director of Aristocrat Leisure Limited, Healius Limited, Infrastructure NSW and Lend Lease Real Estate Investments Limited. She is also a Board Member of the Australian National Maritime Museum Foundation and Council. Arlene is a former Non-Executive Director of Adelaide Brighton Limited.

Ms Tansey is a Member of Chief Executive Women, the International Women's Forum and Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Ms Tansey has a Juris Doctor (Law) from the University of Southern California and an MBA in finance and international business form New York University.

Ms Tansey has worked in commercial and investment banking in Australia and the USA. Arlene's expertise covers a variety of disciplines including corporate advisory, M&A, commercial banking, capital management and business turnaround. Arlene is originally from New York. She has lived and worked in the United States, South America, and Europe and is an Australian citizen.

Special Responsibilities:

- Member of the Governance, Remuneration & Nomination Committee
- Chairman of the Audit & Risk Committee

Jack Teoh

Non-Executive Director

Jack Teoh was appointed as a Non-Executive Director of the Company on 26 March 2021 to fill a casual vacancy.

Mr Teoh is a businessman involved in a range of private companies, with particular experience in finance and technology.

Mr Teoh has been a director of Tuas Limited (ASX:TUA) since July 2020, and Total Forms Pty Ltd, a private Australian software business.

Director Independence

The Board considers that the number of directors and the composition of the Board are important for the success of the Company.

The Board believes that maximum value for shareholders is best served with the current Board composition comprising ten directors, with nine being non-executive directors of whom two are independent.

The two independent directors are Dr Helen Nugent and Arlene Tansey.

Canning Fok, the Chairman, is not independent, as he is a nominee of an indirect substantial shareholder of the Company, Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited. The Board is of the view that the depth of experience and understanding that Canning has of the Company and of the industry in which the Company operates provides benefits that exceed those that may flow from having an independent non-executive Chairman.

Robert Millner, a non-executive director, is not independent as he is a director of a substantial shareholder of the Company, Washington H Soul Pattinson and Company Limited. Robert has specific historical, financial and business knowledge of the Company, the benefits of which, in the opinion of the Board, outweigh the benefits of independence at this time.

Jack Teoh, a non-executive director, is not independent due to his family relationship with a major shareholder. His business experience, particularly in technology and finance, gives him a different perspective on the Company and of the industry in which it operates. The benefits of those perspectives outweigh, in the opinion of the Board, the benefits of independence at this time.

Diego Massidda and Pierre Klotz, each non-executive directors, are not independent as they are nominees of the Vodafone Group Plc, being an indirect substantial shareholder of the Company. Each of Diego and Pierre have specific financial and business knowledge of the Company and the industry in which it operates, and significant international experience, the benefits of which, in the opinion of the Board, outweigh the benefits of independence at this time.

Frank Sixt, a non-executive director, is not independent as he is a nominee of Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited, being an indirect substantial shareholder of the Company. Frank has specific financial and business knowledge of the Company and the industry in which it operates, and significant international experience, the benefits of which, in the opinion of the Board, outweigh the benefits of independence at this time.

Jony Moffatt, a non-executive director, is not independent as he was an executive of the Company and its subsidiaries within the past three years. As a long-standing member of the key management of the TPG Corporation business with significant legal, commercial and mergers and acquisitions acumen, the Board considers that his skills and experience outweigh the benefits of independence at this time.

The Board believes that each director brings an independent mind and judgement to bear on all Board decisions, notwithstanding that the Chairman and a majority of the Board are not independent. All directors are able to and do review and challenge the assumptions and performance of management to ensure decisions taken are in the best interest of the Company.

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name	Name of entity			
TPG Telecom Limited				
ABN/A	RBN	_	Financial year ended:	
76 096	304 620		31 December 2020	
Our co	rporate governance statem	nent ¹ for the period above can be fo	und at:2	
	These pages of our annual report:			
\boxtimes	This URL on our website:	www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relation	ns	
The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 26 March 2021 and has been approved by the board.				
The an	The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.3			
Date:	Date: 8 April 2021			
	Name of authorised officer authorising lodgement: Trent Czinner, Company Secretary			

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corp	orate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRIN	CIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND O	/ERSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with "*insert location*" underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert "our corporate governance statement". If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg "pages 10-12 of our annual report"). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg "www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/").

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corp	orate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at: [insert location] and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraph (c) at: [insert location] and if we were included in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period our measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board of not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: our Corporate Governance Statement located at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: our Corporate Governance Statement located at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations	 ✓ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ✓ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

(•	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
3	 (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period. 	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: our Corporate Governance Statement and the Governance, Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter, both located at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations. and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: our Corporate Governance Statement located at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD V	/ALUE	
2.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively at: [insert location]	 ⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	and we have disclosed our board skills matrix at: our Corporate Governance Statement located at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
2.3	 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director. 	and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors at: page 34 of the TPG Telecom 2020 Annual Report found at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) at: [insert location] and the length of service of each director at: pages 23 to 26 of the TPG Telecom 2020 Annual Report found at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpor	rate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINC	PLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY	Y AND RESPONSIBLY	
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	and we have disclosed our values at: [insert location]	⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	and we have disclosed our code of conduct at: www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at: www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIP	PLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORT	s	
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: pages 23 to 27 of the TPG Telecom 2020 Annual Report found at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpor	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCI	PLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at: www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCI	PLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders at: our Shareholder Communications Policy located at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpor	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCI	PLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: pages 23 to 27 of the TPG Telecom 2020 Annual Report found at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period at: our Corporate Governance Statement located at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs at: our Corporate Governance Statement located at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		e Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
	7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks at:	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
Ì			https://www.tpgtelecom.com.au/sustainability	
			and	
			page 14 of the TPG Telecom 2020 Annual Report found at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations	
			and	
			www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations in the 2020 Sustainability Report	
			and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks at:	
			https://www.tpgtelecom.com.au/sustainability	
			and	
			Page 14 of the TPG Telecom 2020 Annual Report found at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations	
			and	
)			www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations in the 2020 Sustainability Report	



Corpo	orate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINC	CIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive: [insert location]	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives at: the Remuneration Report which is pages 30 to 59 of the TPG Telecom 2020 Annual Report found at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it at: our Corporate Governance Statement located at www.tpgtelecom.com.au/investor-relations	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
ADDITIO	NAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CA	ASES	
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	and we have disclosed information about the processes in place at: [insert location]	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.		 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☑ we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an AGM and this recommendation is therefore not applicable